

Different types of bids

• Limit Bids –

□ Fairly narrow point range and describes important features of your hand e.g no trump bids or bidding a suit for the second time. It puts partner in charge of the bidding.

◦ Forcing Bids –

D partner must not pass e.g a change of suit response

$_{\odot}\mbox{Forcing}$ to game bids –

 $\hfill \ensuremath{\square}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{Neither}}\xspace}$ bidding till game is reached e.g a jump shift

What we already know

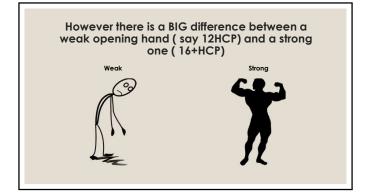
•Opening 1NT? •Opening 2NT?



Responding to 1NT/2NT

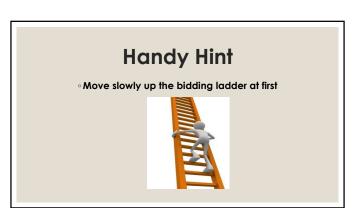
Pass – Balanced. 10/2 or less points
Stayman (4 card major)
Transfer (5 card ,ajor)
Invite game (11-12) (3-4)
Bid game – 13+/5+ points

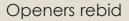




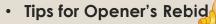
Choosing which suit to open

- •Always open your longest suit
- \circ With two 5 cards suits always open the higher ranking
- \circ With two 4 card suits open the higher ranking EXCEPT
- $^\circ\mbox{When}$ they the 4 card suits are hearts and spades then open hearts first





- $^\circ$ If you have opened the bidding with a fairly weak hand rule of 20 or 12-15 points you have 4 choices.
- a) You can rebid your own suit at the lowest level available. This means you have at least 5 cards in the suit (preferably 6)
- b) You can bid a new suit which you have 4 cards in (as long as it ranks lower than the first). This gives your partner a choice between suits.
- c) You can support partners suit at the lowest level (you need 4 cards in partner's suit)
- You can only PASS if partner has supported your suit or bid no trumps.

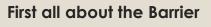




(weak hand)

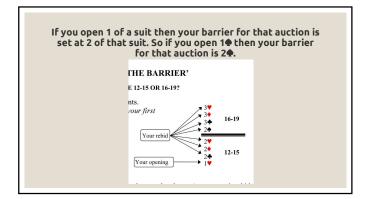
- *Support partner's suit at the lowest level with at least 4 cards
- Rebid your own suit at the lowest level with at least 5 cards
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{s}}\xspace$ Bid a new suit lower ranking than the first
- *Bid any 4 card suit at the one level





The barrier in bridge is a concept which helps you to describe the strength of your hand to partner. It is used to distinguish between normal (12-15 point) hands and strong hands (16+ points).





Rebids on strong unbalanced hands (usually 16+ HCP)

- Jump rebid of your opening suit (6 cards)
 Jump support your partner's suit (you must have 4 cards in partner's suit)
- $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\ast}}\xspace$ Bid a new suit above the barrier
- *Jump and change suit (18+ HCP+) game forcing
- *Rebid in no trumps (strong balanced hand)



with strong Balanced hands . . .

Bid a suit first and the rebid no trumps. This shows your partner you have a balanced hand that is too strong to open 1NT (12-14) The number of rungs up the bidding ladder shows exactly how strong your hand is.

\$15-16 points rebid NT at the lowest level
\$17-18 points rebid NT with a jump
\$19+ points rebid 3NT



At any level, rebidding no trumps is a limit bid showing a narrow range of points. Partner can decide on the final contract.



Quick Recap – what is meant by the following? What sort of hand is needed?

Jump rebid?
Jump support?
Reverse bid above the barrier?
Jump shift?
Rebid of no trumps?

□Work out HCP partners bid shows you and go for game when you can.